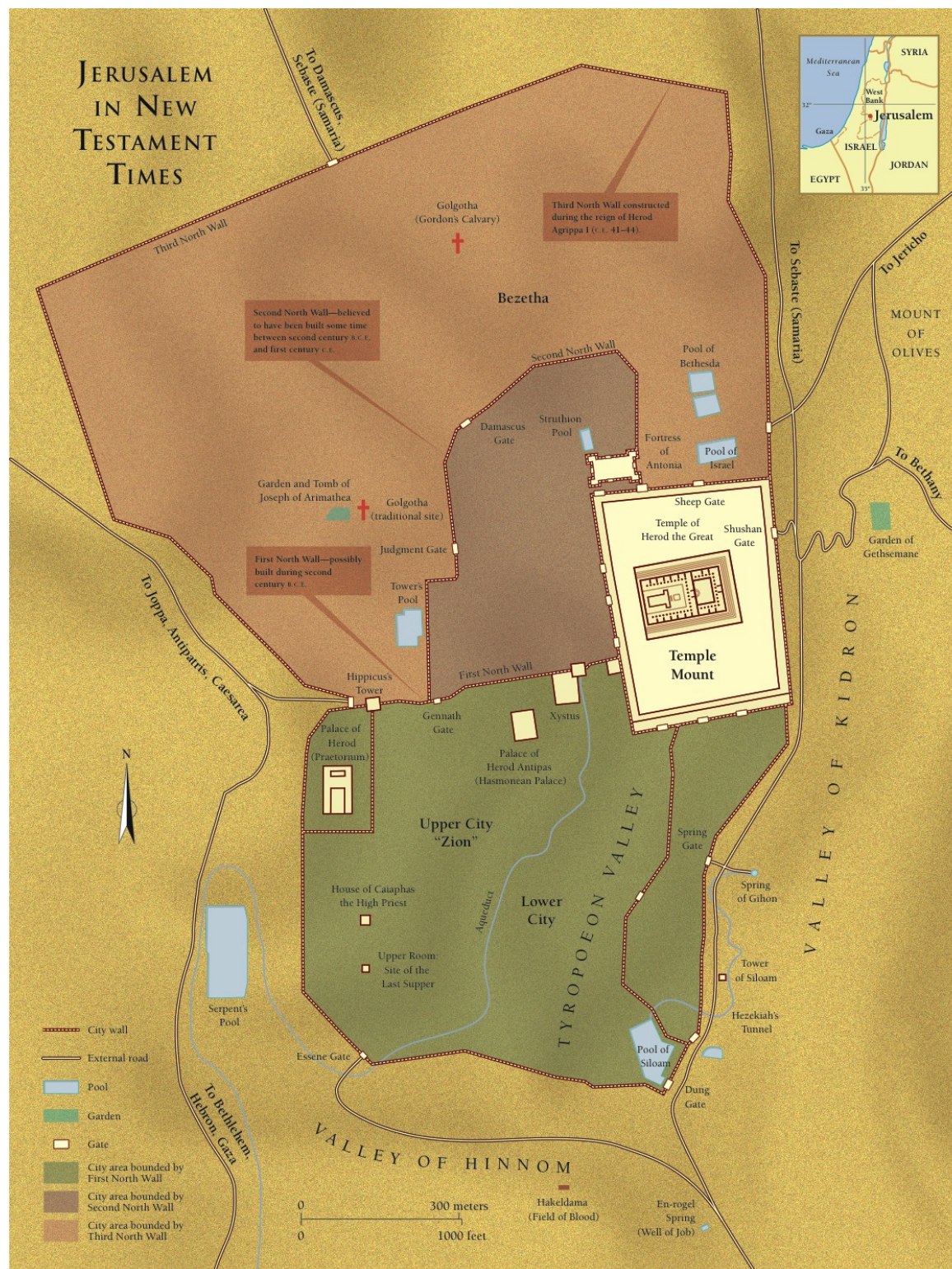




JERUSALEM IN NEW TESTAMENT TIMES

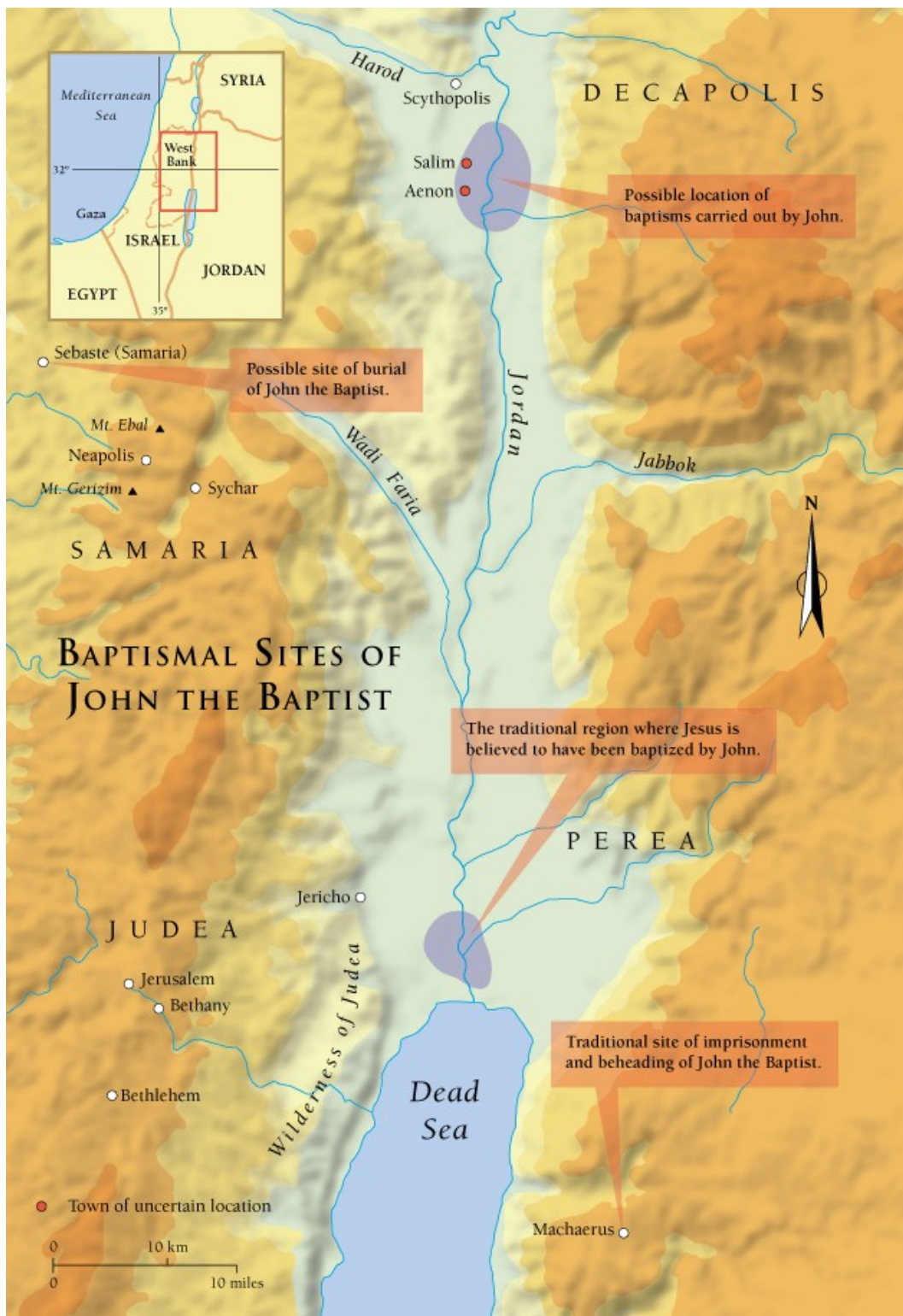


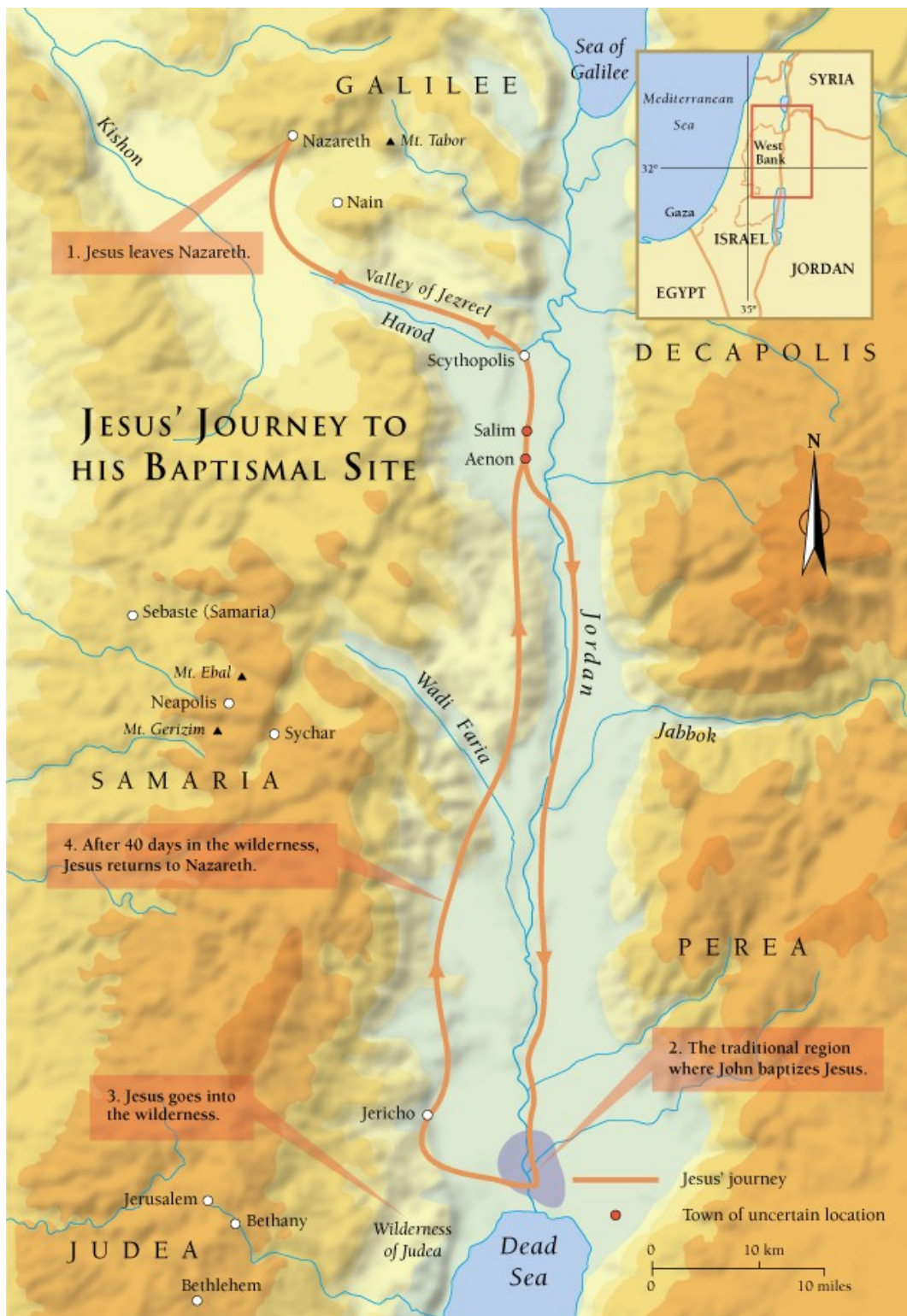
TRAVELS OF THE HOLY FAMILY



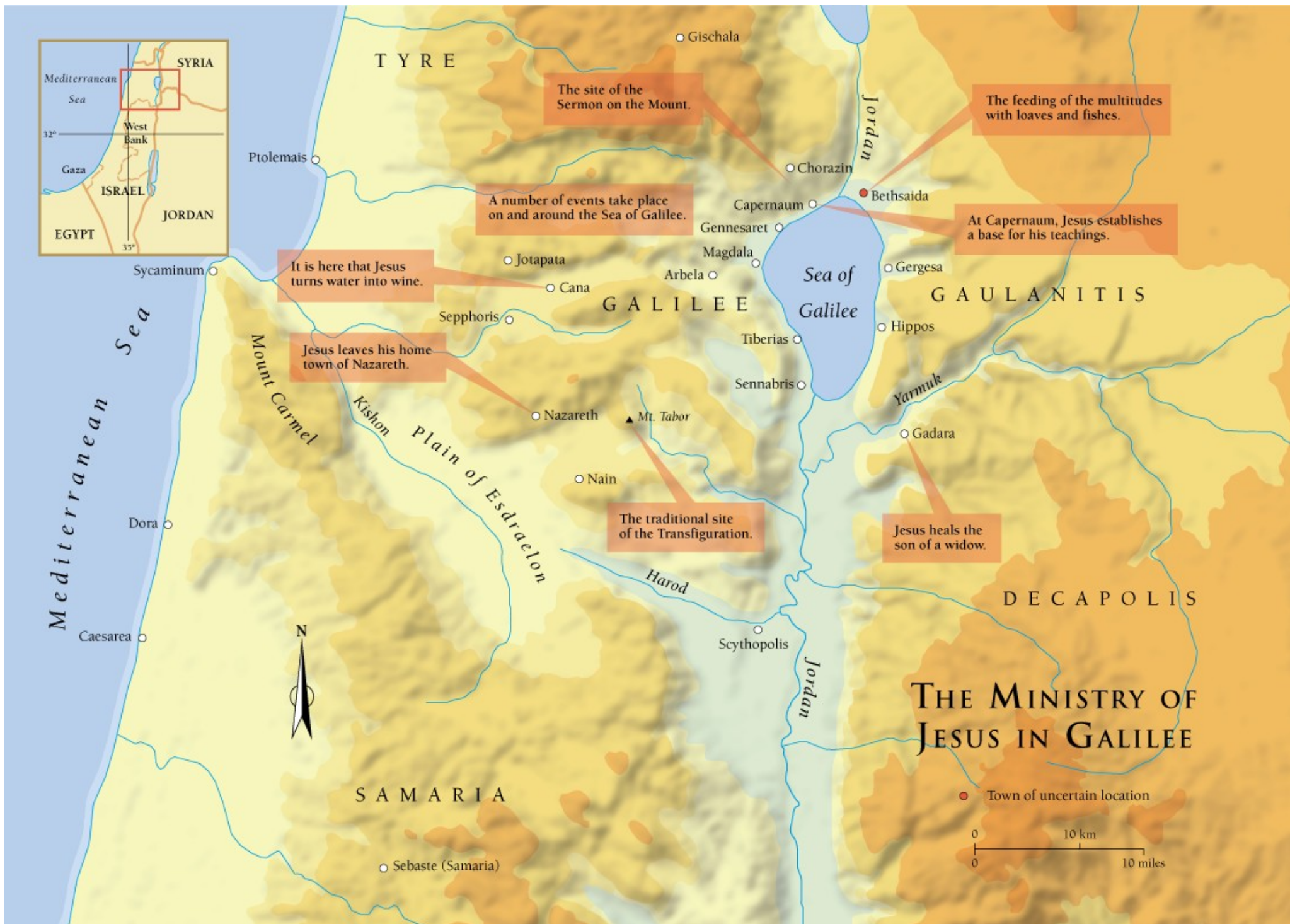
PALESTINE DURING THE LIFE OF JESUS











THE SERMON ON THE MOUNT

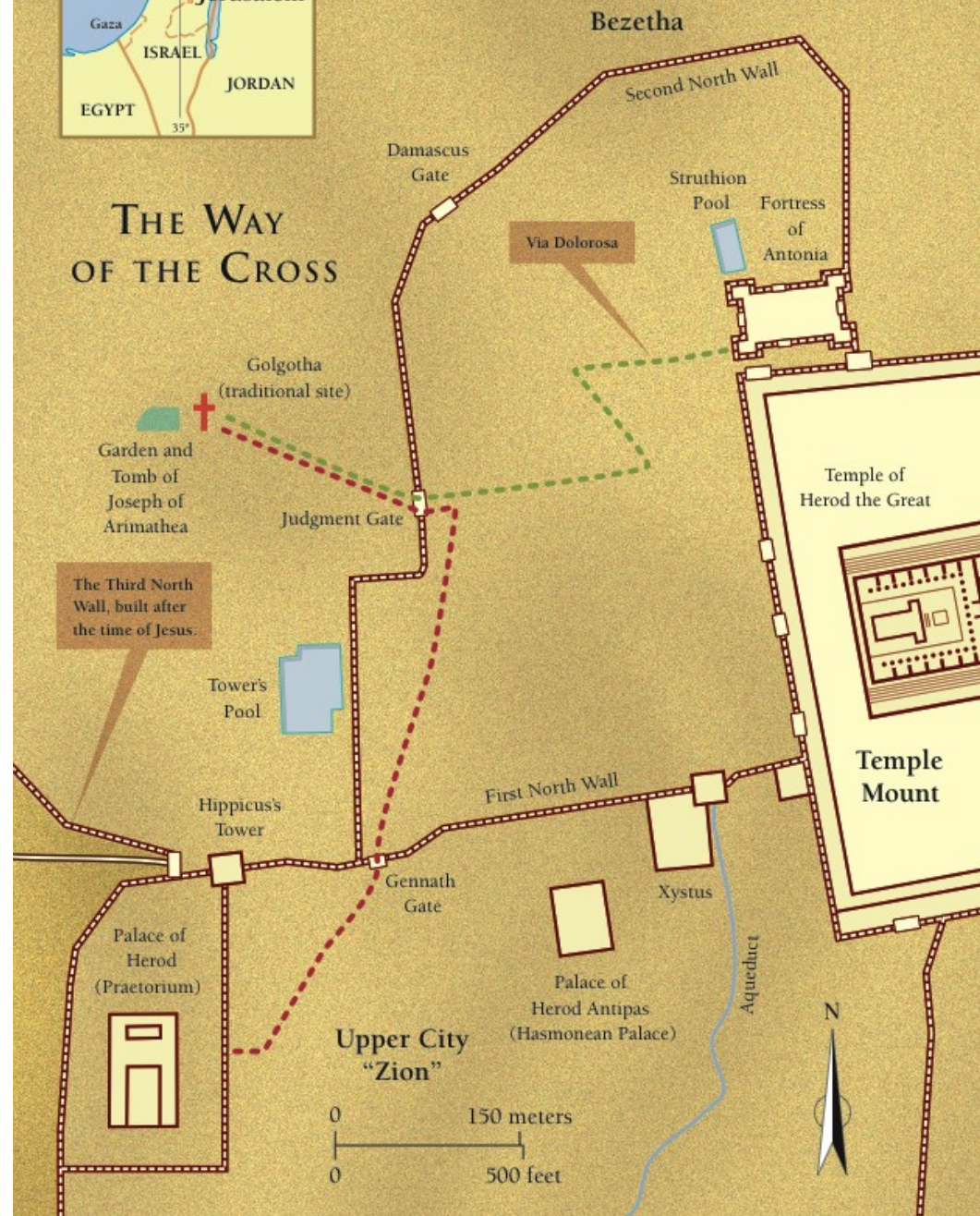






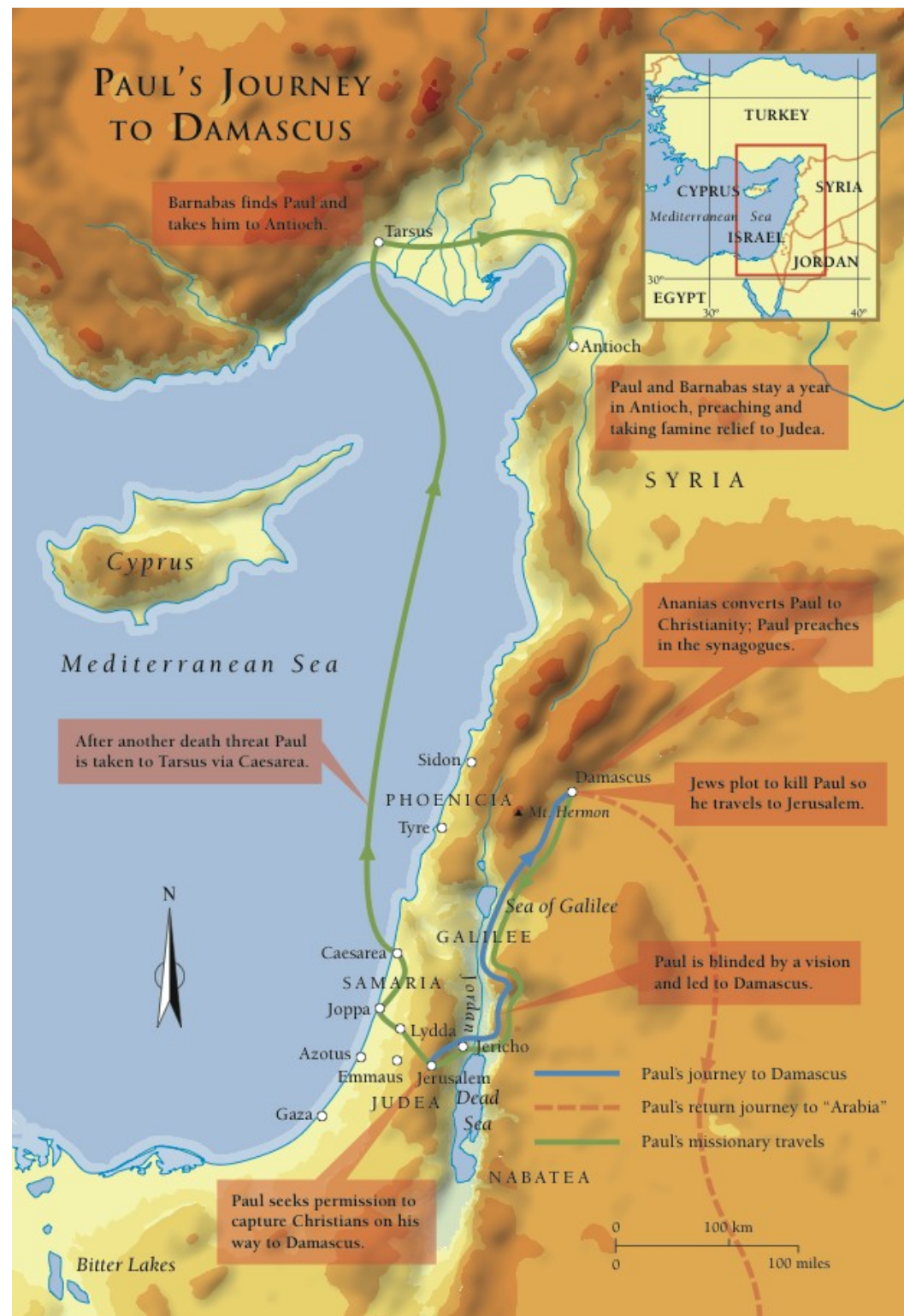
- City wall
- External road
- Pool
- Garden
- Gate
- Traditional Way of the Cross
- The Way of the Cross as suggested by recent evidence

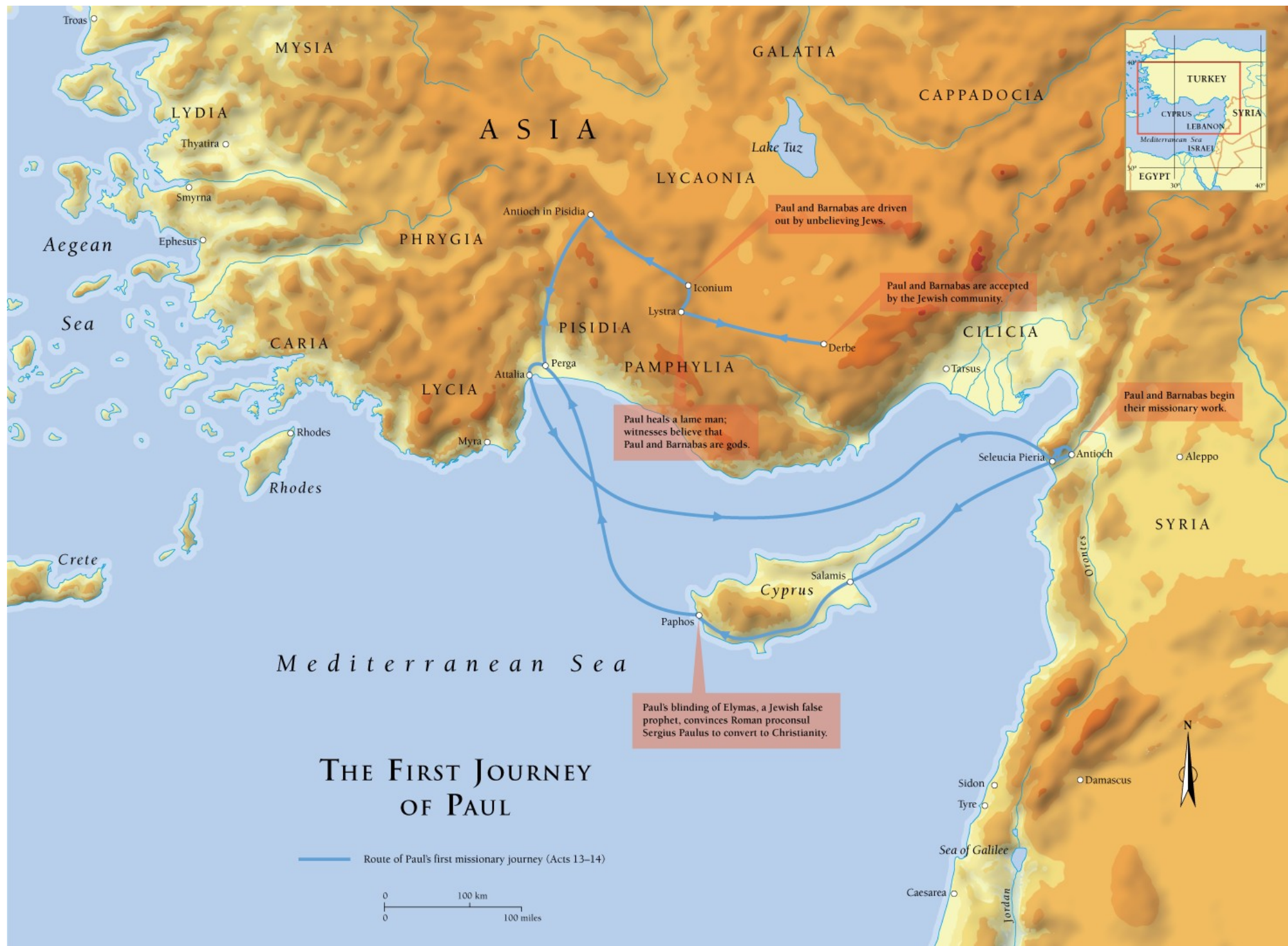
THE WAY OF THE CROSS





PAUL'S JOURNEY TO DAMASCUS



















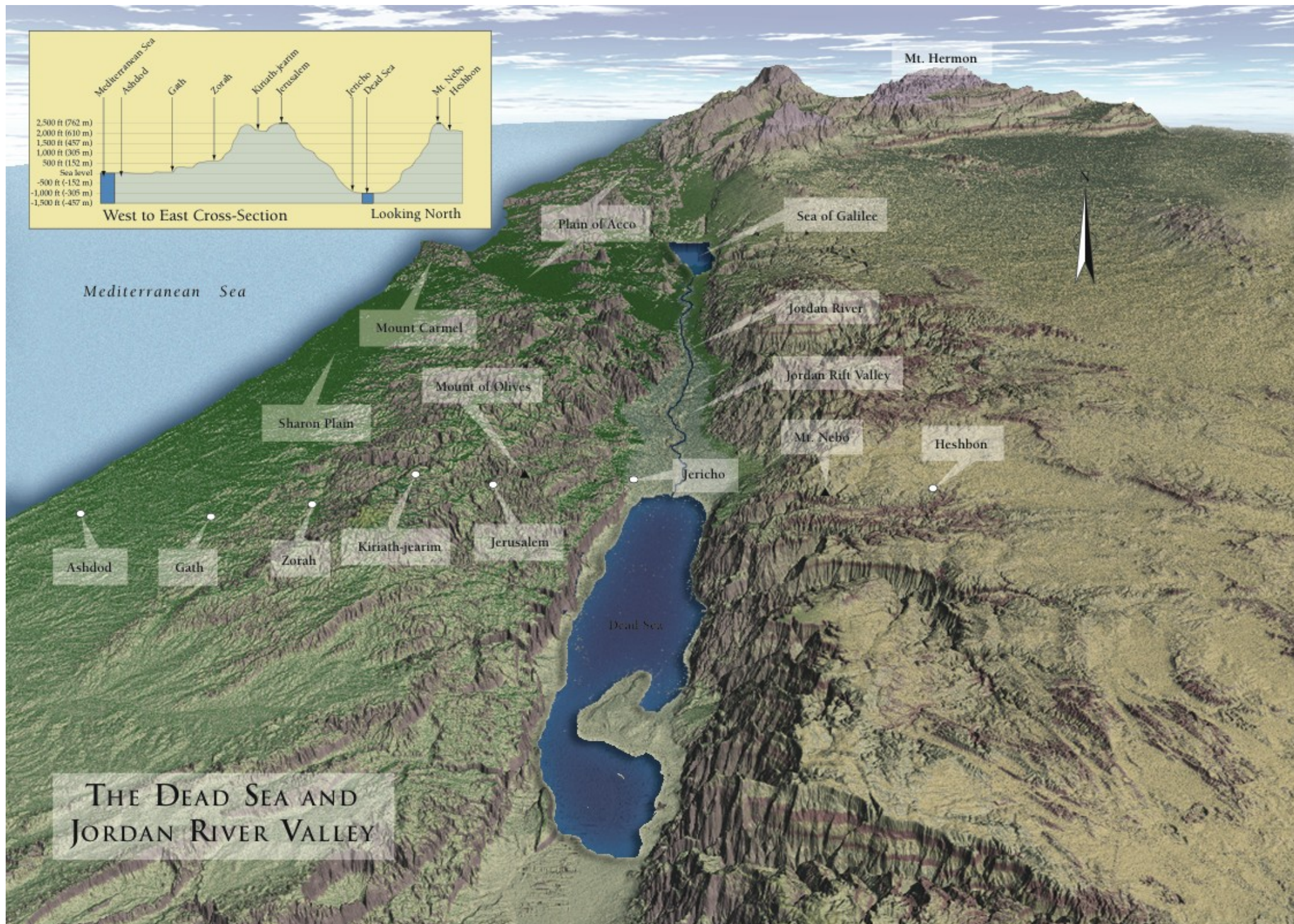
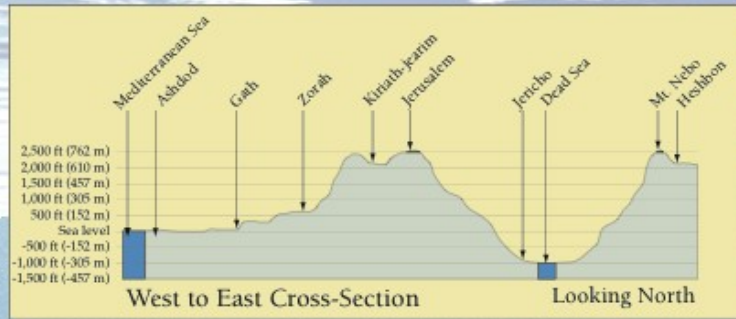




I would estimate that Judah was about 50 km x 60 km or 3000 km². The conversion factor is ~ 0.38 sq mi/sq km.

So, Judah would have been about 1200 square miles versus Montgomery county at about 500 square miles.

In other words, Judah was about the size of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties combined.











PROPHETS OF THE BIBLE

Name of Prophet	Approx. Dates of Prophesying	Prophesying/ Home Location	Scripture References
Elijah	870–850 B.C.E.	Tishbe	1 Kings 17:1 to 2 Kings 2:18
Elisha	855–800 B.C.E.	Abel-meholah	1 Kings 19:16–21; 2 Kings 2–9:3; 2 Kings 13:14–21
Jonah	785–745 B.C.E.	Gath-hepher	2 Kings 14:25; Jonah 1–4
Hosea	785–745 B.C.E.	Israel	Hosea 1–14
Amos	760–750 B.C.E.	Tekoa	Amos 1–9
Isaiah	740–700 B.C.E.	Jerusalem	2 Kings 19–20; Isaiah 1–66
Micah	735–710 B.C.E.	Moreseth-gath Jerusalem	Jeremiah 26:18; Micah 1–7
Nahum	686–612 B.C.E.	Elkosh	Nahum 1–3
Zephaniah	640–622 B.C.E.	Unknown	Zephaniah 1–3
Jeremiah	626–586 B.C.E.	Anathoth Jerusalem	2 Chronicles 36:12; Jeremiah 1–52
Habakkuk	612–605 B.C.E.	Unknown	Habakkuk 1–3
Ezekiel	593–573 B.C.E.	Babylon	Ezekiel 1–48
Obadiah	586 B.C.E.	Jerusalem	Obadiah 1
Joel	539–331 B.C.E.	Jerusalem	Joel 1–3
Haggai	522–515 B.C.E.	Jerusalem	Ezra 5:1; Ezra 6:14; Haggai 1–2
Zechariah	522–515 B.C.E.	Jerusalem	Ezra 5:1; Ezra 6:14; Zechariah 1–14
Malachi	515–450 B.C.E.	Jerusalem	Malachi 1–4

RULERS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

Name of King	Age at Start of Reign	Approx. Date of Reign	Length of Reign*
Saul	—	1051–1011 B.C.E.**	40 years
David	30	1011–971 B.C.E.	40 years
Solomon	—	971–931 B.C.E.	40 years

*The Bible allots Saul, David, and Solomon each a reign of 40 years, which may indicate one generation rather than a particular length of time.

**These dates are open to question, as it is likely that Saul and David ruled as co-regents for ten years.

RULERS OF THE DIVIDED KINGDOM

Rulers of Israel	Age at Start of Reign	Approx. Date of Reign	Length of Reign	Rulers of Judah	Age at Start of Reign	Approx. Date of Reign	Length of Reign
King Jeroboam I	—	931–910 B.C.E.	22 years	King Rehoboam	41	931–915 B.C.E.	17 years
King Nadab	—	910–909 B.C.E.	2 years	King Abijam	—	915–913 B.C.E.	3 years
King Baasha	—	909–886 B.C.E.	24 years	King Asa	—	913–873 B.C.E.	41 years
King Elah	—	886–885 B.C.E.	2 years	King Jehoshaphat	35	873–849 B.C.E.	25 years
King Zimri	—	885 B.C.E.	7 days	King Jehoram	32	849–842 B.C.E.	8 years
King Omri	—	885–874 B.C.E.	12 years	King Ahaziah	22	842–841 B.C.E.	1 year
King Ahab	—	874–853 B.C.E.	22 years	Queen Athaliah	—	841–836 B.C.E.	6 years
King Ahaziah	—	853–852 B.C.E.	2 years	King Joash	7	836–797 B.C.E.	40 years
King Joram	—	852–841 B.C.E.	12 years	King Amaziah	25	797–769 B.C.E.	29 years
King Jehu	—	841–814 B.C.E.	28 years	King Uzziah	16	769–740 B.C.E.	30 years
King Jehoahaz	—	814–798 B.C.E.	17 years	King Jotham	25	740–735 B.C.E.	6 years
King Jehoash	—	798–783 B.C.E.	16 years	King Ahaz	20	735–716 B.C.E.	19 years
King Jeroboam II	—	783–745 B.C.E.	39 years	King Hezekiah	25	716–687 B.C.E.	29 years
King Zechariah	—	745 B.C.E.	6 months	King Manasseh	12	697–642 B.C.E.	55 years*
King Shallum	—	745 B.C.E.	1 month	King Amon	22	642–640 B.C.E.	2 years
King Menahem	—	745–736 B.C.E.	10 years	King Josiah	8	640–609 B.C.E.	31 years
King Pekahiah	—	736–735 B.C.E.	2 years	King Jehoahaz	23	609 B.C.E.	3 months
King Pekah	—	735–732 B.C.E.	4 years	King Jehoiakim	25	608–598 B.C.E.	11 years
King Hoshea	—	732–722 B.C.E.	10 years	King Jehoiachin	18	598–597 B.C.E.	3 months
				King Zedekiah	21	597–586 B.C.E.	12 years

*King Manasseh ruled as co-regent with his father, King Hezekiah, for ten years.

OLD TESTAMENT KINGS IN ANCIENT SECULAR LITERATURE

The following individuals are mentioned by name in both biblical and ancient secular literature. References to biblical characters begin to appear in secular texts and stelae at the time when the Assyrians first marched west to Canaan and came into contact with Israel's Divided Kingdom.

Category of King	Name of King	Approx. Date of Reign	Citation(s)	Bibliographic Source
King of Israel	Omri	885–874 B.C.E. (Mesha: 849–820 B.C.E.) (Shalmaneser III: 858–824 B.C.E.) (Tiglath-pileser III: 744–727 B.C.E.) (Sargon II: 721–705 B.C.E.)	"Omri was the king of Israel" "Jehu, son of Omri" "Land of Omri"	<i>The Context of Scripture</i> II, page 137 [Mesha Inscription]; <i>Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia</i> I, paragraphs 590–591 [Shalmaneser III]; <i>Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia</i> I, paragraphs 672, 739 [Tiglath-pileser III]; <i>Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia</i> II, paragraphs 79–80 [Sargon II]
	Ahab	874–853 B.C.E. (Shalmaneser III: 858–824 B.C.E.)	"Ahab the Israelite"	<i>The Context of Scripture</i> , page 263 [Shalmaneser III]
	Joram (Jehoram)	852–841 B.C.E.	"[Jeho]ram, son of [Ahab], king of Israel"	<i>Israel Exploration Journal</i> 45/1 (1995), pages 9–11 [Tel Dan Inscription]
	Jehu	841–814 B.C.E. (Shalmaneser III: 858–824 B.C.E.)	"Jehu, son of Omri"	<i>Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia</i> I, paragraphs 590–591 [Shalmaneser III]
	Jehoash (Joash)	798–783 B.C.E. (Adad-nirari III: 810–783 B.C.E.)	"Joash the Samaritan"	<i>Iraq</i> 30 (1968), pages 142–143 [Adad-nirari III]
	Jeroboam II	783–745 B.C.E.	"Belonging to Shema, servant of Jeroboam"	<i>The Context of Scripture</i> II, page 200
	Menahem	745–736 B.C.E. (Tiglath-pileser III: 744–727 B.C.E.)	"Menahem the Samaritan"	<i>Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia</i> I, paragraph 772 [Tiglath-pileser III]
	Pekah	735–732 B.C.E. (Tiglath-pileser III: 744–727 B.C.E.)	"they overthrew king Pekah, and I set Hoshea up as king"	<i>Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia</i> I, paragraphs 815–816 [Tiglath-pileser III]
King of Judah	Ahaziah	842–841 B.C.E.	"[Ahaz]iah son of [Jehoram, k]ing of the House of David"	<i>Israel Exploration Journal</i> 45/1 (1995), pages 9–11 [Tel Dan Inscription]
	Uzziah	769–740 B.C.E. (Tiglath-pileser III: 744–727 B.C.E.)	"Shebaniah, servant of Uzziah" "Abiah, servant of Uzziah"	<i>The Context of Scripture</i> II, page 200 [Tiglath-pileser III]
	Jotham	740–735 B.C.E.	"Belonging to Ahaz [son of] Jotham, king of Judah"	<i>Biblical Archaeology Review</i> 25/2 (1999), page 42
	Ahaz	735–716 B.C.E. (Tiglath-pileser III: 744–727 B.C.E.)	"Ushnu, servant of Ahaz" "Belonging to Ahaz [son of] Jotham, king of Judah" "Belonging to Hezekiah [son of] Ahaz, king of Judah" "[Jeho]ahaz the Judean"	<i>The Context of Scripture</i> II, page 200; <i>Biblical Archaeology Review</i> 24/3 (1998), pages 54–56, 62; <i>Biblical Archaeology Review</i> 25/2 (1999), pages 42–44, 60; <i>Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia</i> I, paragraphs 815–816 [Tiglath-pileser III]
	Hezekiah	716–687 B.C.E. (Sennacherib: 704–681 B.C.E.)	"Jehozarah, son of Hilkiah, servant of Hezekiah" "Belonging to Hezekiah [son of] Ahaz, king of Judah" "Hezekiah the Judean" "Hezekiah of Judah"	<i>The Context of Scripture</i> II, page 200; <i>Biblical Archaeology Review</i> 25/2 (1999), pages 42–43; <i>Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia</i> II, paragraph 240; <i>The Context of Scripture</i> II, page 304 [Sennacherib]
	Manasseh	697–642 B.C.E. (Esarhaddon: 680–669 B.C.E.) (Ashurbanipal: 668–627 B.C.E.)	"Manasseh, king of Judah" "Manasseh, king of Judah"	<i>The Prisms of Esarhaddon and of Ashurbanipal</i> , page 55, plate 11 [Esarhaddon]; <i>Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia</i> II, paragraph 876 [Ashurbanipal]
	Jehoiachin	598–597 B.C.E. (Nebuchadnezzar II: 605–562 B.C.E.)	"to Jehoiachin, son of the king of Judah"	<i>Ancient Near Eastern Texts Relating to the Old Testament</i> , page 308 [Nebuchadnezzar II]

Hallo, W. W. and K. L. Younger, Jr. (eds.). *The Context of Scripture*, 3 vols. Brill: Leiden, 1997–2002.
Luckenbill, D. D. (ed.). *Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia*, 2 vols. University of Chicago Press: Chicago, 1926–1927.
Pritchard, J. B. (ed.). *Ancient Near Eastern Texts Relating to the Old Testament*. Princeton University Press: Princeton, NJ, 1969.
Thompson, R. C. (ed.). *The Prisms of Esarhaddon and of Ashurbanipal*. Thames & Hudson: London, 1931.

KINGS OF THE NEO-ASSYRIAN EMPIRE

Name of King	Approx. Date of Reign
Ashur-dan II	934–912 B.C.E.
Adad-nirari II	911–891 B.C.E.
Tukulti-Ninurta II	890–884 B.C.E.
Ashurnasirpal II	883–859 B.C.E.
Shalmaneser III	858–824 B.C.E.
Shamshi-adad V	823–811 B.C.E.
Adad-nirari III	810–783 B.C.E.
Shalmaneser IV	782–773 B.C.E.
Ashur-dan III	772–755 B.C.E.
Ashur-nirari V	754–745 B.C.E.
Tiglath-pileser III	744–727 B.C.E.
Shalmaneser V	726–722 B.C.E.
Sargon II	721–705 B.C.E.
Sennacherib	704–681 B.C.E.
Esarhaddon	680–669 B.C.E.
Ashurbanipal	668–627 B.C.E.
Ashuretililani	626–624 B.C.E.
Sinsharishkun	623–612 B.C.E.
Ashuruballit II	611–609 B.C.E.

KINGS OF THE NEO-BABYLONIAN EMPIRE

Name of King	Approx. Date of Reign
Nabopolassar	626–605 B.C.E.
Nebuchadnezzar II	605–562 B.C.E.
Evil-Merodach	561–560 B.C.E.
Neriglissar	559–556 B.C.E.
Labashi-Marduk	556 B.C.E.
Nabonidus	555–539 B.C.E.
Belshazzar	553–543 B.C.E.

KINGS OF THE PERSIAN EMPIRE

Name of King	Approx. Date of Reign
Cyrus II	559–530 B.C.E.
Cambyzes II	529–522 B.C.E.
Pseudo-Smerdis	522 B.C.E.
Darius I Hystaspes	521–486 B.C.E.
Xerxes I	485–465 B.C.E.
Artaxerxes I Longimanus	464–424 B.C.E.
Xerxes II	424 B.C.E.
Sogdianus	424 B.C.E.
Darius II Nothus	423–405 B.C.E.
Artaxerxes II Mnemon	404–359 B.C.E.
Artaxerxes III Ochus	358–338 B.C.E.
Arses	337–336 B.C.E.
Darius III Codomannus	335–330 B.C.E.

RULERS OF THE PTOLEMIES

Name of Ruler	Approx. Date of Rule
Ptolemy I Soter†	323–285 B.C.E.
Ptolemy II Philadelphus	285–246 B.C.E.
Ptolemy III Euergetes I	246–221 B.C.E.
Ptolemy IV Philopator	221–205 B.C.E.
Ptolemy V Epiphanes	204–180 B.C.E.
Ptolemy VI Philometor*	180–145 B.C.E.
Ptolemy VII Neos Philopator	145 B.C.E.
Ptolemy VIII Euergetes II	145–116 B.C.E.
Ptolemy IX Soter II**	116–107 B.C.E.
Ptolemy X Alexander I***	107–88 B.C.E.
Ptolemy IX Soter II	88–81 B.C.E.
Ptolemy XI Alexander II****	80 B.C.E.
Ptolemy XII Neos Dionysus	80–58 B.C.E.
Berenice IV*****	58–55 B.C.E.
Ptolemy XII Neos Dionysus	55–51 B.C.E.
Cleopatra VII Philopator	51–30 B.C.E.

†Satrap 323–305 B.C.E.; king 305–285 B.C.E.

*Co-rule with Ptolemy VIII Euergetes II 170–164 B.C.E.; with Cleopatra II 170–145 B.C.E.

**Co-rule with Cleopatra III

***Co-rule with Cleopatra III 107–101 B.C.E.; with Cleopatra Berenice 101–88 B.C.E.

****Co-rule with Cleopatra Berenice

*****Co-rule with Cleopatra Tryphaena 58–56 B.C.E.; with Archelaus 56–55 B.C.E.

RULERS OF THE SELEUCIDS

Name of Ruler	Approx. Date of Rule
Seleucus I Nicator*	312–281 B.C.E.
Antiochus I Soter	292–261 B.C.E.
Antiochus II Theos	261–246 B.C.E.
Seleucus II Callinicus	246–226 B.C.E.
Seleucus III Soter	226–223 B.C.E.
Antiochus III Megas	223–187 B.C.E.
Seleucus IV Philopator	187–175 B.C.E.
Antiochus IV Epiphanes	175–164 B.C.E.
Antiochus V Eupator	164–162 B.C.E.
Demetrius I Soter	162–150 B.C.E.
Alexander Balas	150–145 B.C.E.
Demetrius II Nicator	145–140 B.C.E.
Antiochus VI Epiphanes	145–142 B.C.E.
Trypho	142–138 B.C.E.
Antiochus VII Sidetes	138–129 B.C.E.
Demetrius II Nicator	129–125 B.C.E.
Cleopatra Thea	125–123 B.C.E.
Antiochus VIII Grypus	125–96 B.C.E.
Seleucus V	125 B.C.E.
Antiochus IX Philopator	114–95 B.C.E.
Seleucus VI	95–94 B.C.E.
Antiochus X Eusebes Philopator	95 B.C.E.
Antiochus XI Epiphanes Philadelphus	95 B.C.E.
Demetrius III Philopator Soter	95–88 B.C.E.
Philip I	95–84 B.C.E.
Antiochus XII Dionysus	87 B.C.E.
Antiochus XIII Asiaticus	87–64 B.C.E.
Philip II	66–63 B.C.E.

*Co-rule with Antiochus I Soter 292–281 B.C.E.

HASMONEAN RULERS

Name of Ruler	Approx. Date of Rule
Mattathias	167–166 B.C.E.
Judas Maccabeus (the Maccabee)	166–160 B.C.E.
Jonathan	160–142 B.C.E.
Simon	142–134 B.C.E.
John Hyrcanus I	134–104 B.C.E.
Aristobulus I	104–103 B.C.E.
Alexander Jannaeus	103–76 B.C.E.
Salome Alexandra	76–67 B.C.E.
Aristobulus II	67–63 B.C.E.
John Hyrcanus II	63–40 B.C.E.
Antigonus	40–37 B.C.E.

ROMAN EMPERORS DURING THE TIME OF THE BIBLE

Name of Emperor	Date of Rule
Caesar Augustus	27 B.C.E.–C.E. 14
Tiberius	C.E. 14–37
Gaius (Caligula)	C.E. 37–41
Claudius	C.E. 41–54
Nero	C.E. 54–68
Galba	C.E. 68–69
Otho	C.E. 69
Vitellius	C.E. 69
Vespasian	C.E. 69–79
Titus	C.E. 79–81
Domitian	C.E. 81–96
Nerva	C.E. 96–98
Trajan	C.E. 98–117
Hadrian	C.E. 117–138

THE WONDROUS ACTS OF JESUS

Wondrous Act	Matthew	Mark	Luke	John
Jesus cleanses a leper	8:2–4	1:40–45	5:12–16	
Jesus heals a centurion's servant	8:5–13		7:1–10	
Jesus heals a disciple's mother-in-law	8:14–15	1:29–31	4:38–39	
Jesus heals the sick and possessed	8:16–17	1:32–34	4:40–41	
Jesus calms the storm	8:23–27	4:35–41	8:22–25	
Jesus sends demons into the swine herd	8:28–32	5:2–13	8:26–33	
Jesus heals a paralyzed man	9:2–8	2:3–12	5:18–26	
Jesus raises the leader's daughter	9:18–19, 9:23–26	5:22–24, 5:35–43	8:40–42, 8:49–56	
Jesus heals the hemorrhaging woman	9:20–22	5:25–34	8:43–48	
Jesus cures a possessed mute	9:32–34			
Jesus heals a man's withered hand	12:9–14	3:1–6	6:6–11	
Jesus heals a possessed blind-mute	12:22–24		11:14–17	
Jesus feeds 5,000 people	14:13–21	6:34–44	9:12–17	6:1–14
Jesus walks on the sea	14:25–27	6:48–52		6:19–21
Jesus heals a woman's daughter	15:22–28	7:24–30		
Jesus feeds 4,000 people	15:32–39	8:1–9		
Jesus heals an epileptic boy	17:14–21	9:17–29	9:38–43	
Jesus sends the tax coin in a fish's mouth	17:24–27			
Jesus heals a blind man/two blind men	9:27–31, 20:30–34	10:46–52	18:35–43	
Jesus makes a fig tree wither	21:18–22	11:12–14		
Jesus casts out an unclean spirit		1:23–28	4:33–37	
Jesus heals a deaf-mute		7:32–37		
Jesus heals a blind man at Bethsaida		8:22–26		
Jesus escapes from the raging crowd			4:27–30	
Jesus commands that fish are caught			5:1–11	
Jesus raises a widow's son			7:11–17	
Jesus heals a crippled woman			13:11–17	
Jesus heals a man suffering from dropsy			14:1–6	
Jesus cleanses ten lepers			17:11–19	
Jesus heals a servant's ear			22:50–51	
Jesus turns water into wine				2:1–11
Jesus heals an official's son				4:46–54
Jesus heals an invalid				5:2–15
Jesus heals a man blind since birth				9:1–41
Jesus raises Lazarus				11:1–44
Jesus commands that fish are caught				21:4–8

“WE” TEXTS IN ACTS

The three passages of “we” texts found in the Acts of the Apostles lead many scholars to the conclusion that the author of Acts was a traveling companion of Paul at some points in his journeys.

Scripture Reference	Examples
Acts 16:10–18	“... we immediately tried to cross over to Macedonia ...” (Acts 16:10)
	“We remained in this city for some days.” (Acts 16:12)
	“One day, as we were going to the place of prayer ...” (Acts 16:16)
Acts 20:5–21:18	“They went ahead and were waiting for us in Troas ...” (Acts 20:5)
	“We went ahead to the ship and set sail for Assos ...” (Acts 20:13)
	“When we arrived in Jerusalem, the brothers welcomed us warmly.” (Acts 21:17)
Acts 27:1–28:16	“When it was decided that we were to sail for Italy ...” (Acts 27:1)
	“... as we were drifting across the sea of Adria ...” (Acts 27:27)
	“When we came into Rome, Paul was allowed to live by himself ...” (Acts 28:16)

THE PARABLES AND OTHER STORIES OF JESUS

Parable/Story	Matthew	Mark	Luke	John*
Lamp under a bushel basket	5:14–16	4:21–22	8:16–17, 11:33–36	
Wise and foolish builders	7:21–27		6:47–49	
Unshrunk cloth on an old cloak	9:16	2:21	5:36	
New wine into old wineskins	9:17	2:22	5:37–39	
The sower	13:3–23	4:3–20	8:4–15	
The weeds	13:24–30			
The mustard seed	13:31–32	4:30–32	13:18–19	
Leavened yeast and flour	13:33		13:20–21	
The hidden treasure	13:44			
The pearl of great value	13:45–46			
The fish net	13:47–50			
The lost sheep	18:12–14		15:3–7	
The unmerciful slave	18:23–35			
The vineyard laborers	20:1–16			
The two sons	21:28–32			
The wicked tenants	21:33–41	12:1–9	20:9–19	
The wedding banquet	22:2–14			
The fig tree	24:32–35	13:28–31	21:29–33	
The thief	24:43–44		12:39–40	
Wise and foolish bridesmaids	25:1–13			
The talents/pounds	25:14–30		19:11–27	
Sheep and goats	25:31–46			
The sprouting seed		4:26–29		
The absent homeowner		13:34–37		
The creditor and his two debtors			7:41–43	
The good Samaritan			10:30–37	

Parable/Story	Matthew	Mark	Luke	John*
A friend at midnight			11:5–13	
The rich fool			12:16–21	
The waiting slaves			12:35–38	
The faithful slaves			12:42–48	
The barren fig tree			13:6–9	
The wedding banquet			14:8–11	
The great dinner			14:16–24	
Building a tower			14:28–30	
The king			14:31–33	
The lost coin			15:8–10	
The lost son			15:11–32	
The shrewd manager			16:1–13	
Lazarus and the rich man			16:19–31	
The worthless slaves			17:7–10	
The persistent widow			18:1–8	
The Pharisee and the tax collector			18:9–14	
The blowing wind				3:8
The bridegroom's friend				3:29
Sowing and reaping				4:35–38
Father and son				5:19–24
The slave and the son				8:35–36
The shepherd				10:1–18
Twelve hours of daylight				11:9–10
The grain of wheat				12:24
Walk in the light				12:35–36
Prepare a place				14:2–7
The vine and the vinegrower				15:1–8
Woman in pain				16:20–24

*The Gospel According to John does not use the word "parable," but the stories told by Jesus in this Gospel are similar in their mode of teaching to the parables in the other Gospels.

APOSTLES OF THE BIBLE

Name of Apostle	Epithet	Also Known As	Symbol
Simon	the fisherman son of John	Peter Simon Peter Simeon	upside down cross with keys
Andrew	brother of Simon son of John	—	X-shaped cross
James	the Great/Greater the Elder son of Zebedee	—	shells
John	brother of James son of Zebedee	—	eagle; snake and chalice
Philip	from Bethsaida	—	basket
Bartholomew	son of Tolmai	Nathanael	knife/knives
Matthew	the tax collector son of Alphaeus	Levi	winged man; purses
Thomas	doubting Thomas the twin	Didymus	spears, stones, and arrows
James	the Less/Lesser the Younger son of Alphaeus	—	saw
Simon	the Zealot the Canaanite	—	fish on a Bible
Judas	the Zealot son of James	Thaddaeus Jude Lebbaeus	ship
Judas Iscariot	the Traitor son of Simon Iscariot	—	noose
Matthias	—	—	sword
Paul	Apostle to the Gentiles Saul of Tarsus	Saul	serpent
Barnabas	the Levite	Joses Joseph	—
Andronicus	—	—	—
Junia	—	—	—

ARCHAEOLOGICAL PERIODS FOR THE BIBLE LANDS

Name of Period	Approx. Date of Period
Lower Paleolithic	3,000,000–90,000 B.C.E.
Middle Paleolithic	90,000–40,000 B.C.E.
Upper Paleolithic	40,000–12,000 B.C.E.
Epipaleolithic	12,000–8500 B.C.E.
Early Neolithic	8500–6000 B.C.E.
Late Neolithic	6000–4300 B.C.E.
Chalcolithic	4300–3300 B.C.E.
Early Bronze Age I	3300–3050 B.C.E.
Early Bronze Age II	3050–2600 B.C.E.
Early Bronze Age III	2600–2300 B.C.E.
Early Bronze Age IV	2300–2100 B.C.E.
Middle Bronze Age I	2100–1800 B.C.E.
Middle Bronze Age II	1800–1550 B.C.E.
Late Bronze Age I	1550–1400 B.C.E.
Late Bronze Age II	1400–1200 B.C.E.
Iron Age I	1200–1000 B.C.E.
Iron Age II	1000–586 B.C.E.
Babylonian and Persian Periods	586–332 B.C.E.
Hellenistic Period	332–37 B.C.E.
Roman Period	37 B.C.E.–C.E. 324

THE JUDGES

Name of Judge	Type of Judge	Persecutor	Years of Persecution	Years of Peace (Rest)	Years of Judgment	Scripture Reference
Othniel	Major	Cushan-rishathaim of Aram-naharaim	8	40*	—	Judges 3:8–11
Ehud	Major	Eglon of Moab	18	80	—	Judges 3:12–30
Shamgar	Minor	Philistines	—	—	—	Judges 3:31
Deborah	Major	Jabin and Sisera of Canaan	20	40	—	Judges 4:1–5:31
Gideon	Major	Midianites and Amalekites	7	40	—	Judges 6:1–8:28
Tola	Minor	—	—	—	23	Judges 10:1–2
Jair	Minor	—	—	—	22	Judges 10:3–5
Jephthah	Major	Philistines and Ammonites	18	—	6	Judges 10:6–12:7
Ibzan	Minor	—	—	—	7	Judges 12:8–10
Elon	Minor	—	—	—	10	Judges 12:11–12
Abdon	Minor	—	—	—	8	Judges 12:13–15
Samson	Major	Philistines	40	—	20	Judges 13–16

*The Septuagint accords Othniel 50 years of peace (rest).